

TRIP OF A LIFETIME

Imagine you are embarking on a journey — one that will last a lifetime. And you get to make the choices that will determine your ultimate destination. Your journey will be filled with limitless possibilities, and if you pack your bag with a willingness to learn, grow, and ask questions along the way, you can create the life of your dreams.

This booklet will give you information, ideas and questions to inspire and guide you. You will be encouraged to identify your unique interests, skills and talents and match them with exciting and evolving career opportunities. You will be challenged to

develop your people skills — to listen with heart, to look on the brighter side and to figure out not only what you want to get from life but what you have to give.

To prepare for your journey, you will want to get in touch with your hopes and dreams as you seek the answers to these powerful questions:

What do you really want to do? Who do you really want to be? Where do you really want to go? How will you get there?

Your journey is determined by the CHOICES you make. *Your answers* are determined by the QUESTIONS you ask. *Your destination* is determined by the STEPS you take. *Your future* is determined by WHAT YOU DO today.

—Dan Zadra, *Five*

YES, I CAN!

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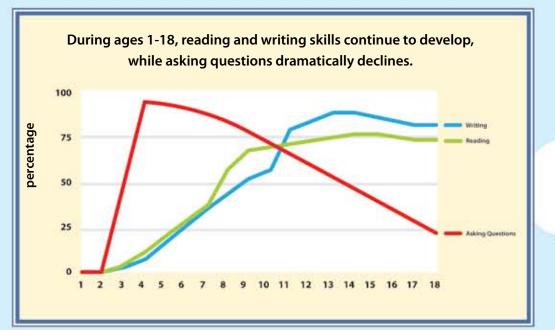
Can you imagine your future?

It's exciting and a little overwhelming to think about your future. There are so many options to consider and so many paths to explore. Where should you begin? It may surprise you to learn that asking and answering questions will help you get where you want to go.

Statements trigger your brain's logical and analytical skills and encourage you to reach conclusions. Questions, on the other hand, activate your brain's imagination and creative thinking skills. Can you feel the difference when you change the statement *Things I Like to Do* into a question — *What are the things that I really like to do?*

When you were young, you probably asked more than 60 questions a day. But if you are like most people, as you got older, you stopped asking so many questions. Maybe you are too shy or embarrassed to step forward and ask questions, or maybe you think your questions don't matter.

But questions do matter and your questions are going to play an important part in your college/ career journey. The questions you ask yourself and the questions you ask others will direct and guide you as you begin to imagine and create your best life.



Source: National Center for Education Statistics – nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard

Your imagination is your preview of life's coming attractions.

— Albert Einstein

	TOP TEN QUESTIONS	<	
	Thinking about who you are and what you want to do will put your imagination to work designing the life of your dreams. Respond to these "Top Ten" questions that The College Board asks students to help them find their college/career direction. See what you learn about yourself and what you want from life.		
1.	What are some things you feel you do well?		
2.	What challenges you?		
3.	What do you like to do for fun?		
4.	Who do you look up to?		
5.	What's something you've always wanted to try?		
6.	What accomplishment has made you most proud?		
7.	What's your favorite class?		
8.	What do you read about in your free time?		
9.	If you could do any job for a day, what would it be?		
10.	As a kid, what did you want to be when you grew up?		



California has identified 15 educational career Pathways representing its 15 leading industry sectors. Pathways help connect what you are learning in the classroom to a career in the real world. There are many options and opportunities within each Pathway, and identifying an educational Pathway that suits you will give you direction on your career journey.

Review the 15 Pathways listed below and add the name of a career you would expect to find in that Pathway.



Students who choose and follow a career Pathway DO BETTER academically, finish school faster and get better jobs.

PATHWAY POSSIBILITIES

Whether you want to earn a community college certificate, get an apprenticeship or earn a 2-year, 4-year or advanced degree, all 15 Pathways offer many career opportunities with different educational requirements.

The Health Science and Medical Technology Pathway is just one example of the different educational choices available within a single Pathway. To get a better idea of the possibilities, consider these careers and answer a few questions.



If you want to know the road ahead, ask someone who has traveled it.

Chinese proverb

Ask Around!

Do you, your parents, your friends or one of your teachers know someone with a career in a Pathway that interests you?

If you had an opportunity to talk to that person, what questions would you ask to gather the information you want?

What **Sparks** your interest?

John Holland developed a career interest assessment known as the Holland Code. It is based on a combination of six personality types: **Realistic, Investigative, Artistic, Social, Enterprising and Conventional (RIASEC).** Holland believed that people were most successful in work environments that matched their personality. A better match meant more job satisfaction because the person found the job interesting. Holland's assessment has been very helpful to students seeking to find their career direction because many careers have been categorized by their Holland Code personalities. You may be interested in, and have similarities with, all six personalities represented in the descriptions below. However, you probably identify most closely with two or three of the groups. Those personalities, or rather the letters that represent them, make up your Holland Code.

REALISTIC — Doers

- Like to work with their hands and focus on things in the physical world.
- Prefer problems that are concrete rather than abstract; want practical solutions that can be implemented.
- Characteristics include: stable, assertive, physically strong, practical.

CONVENTIONAL — Organizers

- Like to pay a lot of attention to detail, organization, and work with data.
- Prefer solving clearly defined problems with a practical approach.
- Characteristics include: conscientious, efficient, concerned about rules and regulations, orderly.



INVESTIGATIVE — Thinkers

- Curious and tend to focus on ideas. Like to collect and analyze data and information of all kinds.
- Prefer to think through, rather than act out, problems.
- Characteristics include: reserved, independent, analytical, logical.

ENTERPRISING — Persuaders

- Work with and through people, providing leadership and delegating responsibilities.
- Attack problems with leadership skills. Comfortable making decisions.
- Characteristics include: persuasive, confident, interested in power/status.

SOCIAL — Helpers

- Concerned with people and their welfare. Like to help, encourage, counsel, guide.
- Deal with problems through feelings. Flexible approach to problems.
- Characteristics include: humanistic, verbal, interpersonal, responsible.

ARTISTIC — Creators

- Creative and tend to focus on selfexpression through all kinds of mediums.
- Deal with problems in intuitive, expressive, and independent ways. Tend to be adverse to rules.
- Characteristics include: intuitive, creative, expressive, unconventional.



To determine your personal three-letter Holland Code you can take this short version of Holland's interest assessment. Check off the activities that interest you. Then add up your checks and find your profile. But remember, this assessment is not the final word. It is only one way to start thinking about careers.

Do you like to...

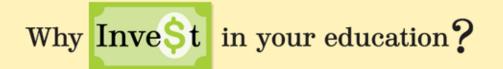
do puzzles?	put things together or assemble models?	
work on cars?	be creative?	
attend concerts, theaters or art exhibits?	pay attention to details?	
work in teams?	do filing or typing?	
organize things like files, offices or activities?	learn about other cultures?	
set goals for yourself?	analyze problems, situations or trends?	
build things?	play instruments or sing?	
read fiction, poetry or plays?	dream about starting your own business?	
have clear instructions to follow?	cook?	
influence or persuade people?	act in plays?	
do experiments?	think things through before making decisions?	
teach or train people?	work with numbers or charts?	
help people solve their problems?	discuss issues like politics or current events?	
take care of animals?	keep records of your work?	
have your day structured?	be a leader?	
sell things?	work outdoors?	
do creative writing?	work in an office?	
work on science projects?	work on math problems?	
take on new responsibilities?	help people?	
heal people?	draw?	
figure out how things work?	give speeches?	

Total up your check marks by color and record the number in the colored boxes. The 3 letters with the highest scores are your Holland Code.

	-		-			М	y Holland Code	2:
R		A	S	E	C			
Realistic	Investigative	Artistic	Social	Enterprising	Conventional	Highest Score	2 nd Highest	3 rd Highest

You have to find what sparks a light in you so you, in your own way, can illuminate the world.

— Oprah Winfrey



When it comes to spending your time and money, *nothing will pay off more than an investment in your education*. A great education will help you acquire the knowledge and skills you need to succeed in a career of your choice. Choose a career path that interests you and one that values your unique skills and talents. Then choose the right educational opportunity to get you started. Remember, that in today's rapidly changing workplace, you will need to be a lifelong learner to keep pace and stay current.

EDUCATIONAL OPTIONS

APPRENTICESHIPS

Apprenticeships prepare a person for a trade. You take classes, but most of the training is on-the-job. Depending on the trade, it takes from two to four years to complete an apprenticeship. You earn a good hourly wage during the training. California Community Colleges offer many apprenticeship programs.

CERTIFICATES

Certificate programs award you a certificate of completion rather than a degree when you finish the requirements. This training is specific and will qualify you for specialized jobs. Most certificate programs are six months to a year. You can enroll in a certificate program through your local California Community College.

ASSOCIATE DEGREES

Associate Degrees are two-year degrees that require 60 college credits. You take classes in a specific field of interest as well as general education courses. You can take courses at a Community College that count for both an Associate Degree and toward a Bachelor Degree if you transfer to a four-year college or university.

BACHELOR DEGREES

Bachelor Degrees are four-year degrees that require about 120 college credits. You must complete about 2 years of general education requirements that include basic subjects like English, history and math, and an additional 2 years of classes in your major area of study. A college or university awards Bachelor of Arts (BA) and Bachelor of Science (BS) degrees.

MILITARY SERVICE

Military Service is an option you may choose after high school graduation. Each of the armed services has different enlistment opportunities and challenges. The Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps and the Coast Guard are the five main branches of military service.

MASTER DEGREES

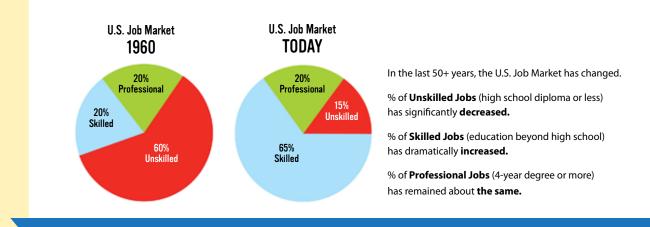
Master Degrees require study beyond a Bachelor Degree. Usually one to two years of specialized study, and an examination and/or a thesis is required to earn this graduate degree. A college or university awards Master of Arts (MA) and Master of Science (MS) degrees.

ADVANCED DEGREES

Advanced Professional Degrees include many degrees (such as a Doctorate or Ph.D.) you may want to earn once you complete a four-year degree. Professions such as a lawyer, doctor, or veterinarian generally take 3 to 8 years of additional education and training after you earn a Bachelor Degree.

An investment in knowledge pays the best interest.

— Benjamin Franklin



90% of the fastest-growing jobs in the future will require education or training beyond high school. Source: U.S. Department of Labor



Source: The College Advantage: Weathering the Economic Storm, Georgetown University, 2012.

What do you think?

Using the information on the U.S. Job Gains/Losses graph, answer these questions.

- 1. What time frame is associated with the Economic Recession?
 - a. December 2007 to February 2012
 - b. December 2007 to January 2010
 - c. January 2010 to February 2012
- During the Recession, what happened to jobs for those with a Bachelor Degree or better?
 - a. They gained jobs.
 - b. They lost jobs.
 - c. The job situation stayed steady.

- 3. During the Recession, the greatest job loss was to those with...
 - a. An Associate Degree
 - b. High School diploma or less
 - c. Bachelor Degree or better
- 4. During the Recovery, about how many jobs were gained by people holding a Bachelor Degree or better?
 - a. 1.6 million jobs
 - b. No job growth
 - c. 2 million jobs gained

- 5. Which of these statements is true?
 - a. Job gains in the Recovery have been confined to those with education beyond high school.
 - Workers with a high school diploma or less have suffered the greatest job losses.
 - c. Both of the above.

toward STEM? gravitate

Do you

Nurse

Dietician

Auto

Mechanic

Athletic

Cyber Security

Technician

Trainer

Mechanical Engineer

Stock Broker

STEM is in the news! Earthquakes, Climate Change, Pandemics, Alternative Energy, Space Exploration, Hurricanes, Crime Scene Investigations and New Technologies are just a few of the headlines about Science, Technology, Engineering, and Math or STEM topics. And while you may not think STEM directly affects you, STEM impacts your everyday life.

Electrician

Surveyor

Veterinarian Technician

Video

Game Designer

> Science Illustrator

Commercial

Pilot

Accountant

Physican

Assistant

N

Financial

Planner

Software

Developer

Science — You count on science to predict the weather, to keep you well, to grow your food and heat your home.

> **Technology** — You use technology to keep connected, for entertainment, and to help you learn.

> > Engineering — You depend on engineering to design your home and the buildings, roads, and bridges in your community.

> > > Mathematics — You call on math at the grocery store, the bank, on tax forms and to manage your family's budget.

STEM is the pathway that calls to those who are curious, creative, problem solvers. And while it's no surprise that STEM jobs are growing, it may surprise you to learn that not every STEM job requires a four-year degree. There are plenty of STEM careers for students who complete apprenticeships, earn certificates, two- or four-year degrees, as well as those who have advanced credentials. There are interesting and exciting STEM jobs for all different personality types and in almost any work environment.

STEM isn't just for math and science whizzes. There are STEM-related jobs to suit almost every student.

STEM QUIZ

Great pay, interesting work, job security and good working conditions are the norm for those holding a STEM certificate or degree. Take this quiz and see if you have what it takes for STEM.



Have you ever taken apart an old cell phone, complex appliance or toy to see how it worked? Yes | No Why it matters: If you are a curious problem solver, then STEM will offer you many opportunities to use your natural strengths and talents.

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1		/

Do you enjoy working on cars, motorcycles and other machines? Yes | No

STEM is a good way to make the outdoors your workplace.

Why it matters: If you take a hands-on approach to diagnosing and repairing things, these abilities will give you a head start in the STEM field.



Are you interested in the environment and nature? Yes | No **Why it matters:** If you are interested in protecting our natural resources and improving the environment, then



Do you get good grades in science, math and/or technology classes? Yes | No **Why it matters:** If you like working with numbers and/or find your science and technology classes interesting, you can figure out a STEM career that's right for you.



Do you play team sports, play in a band or are you active in a service group? Yes | No

Why it matters: If you are a good collaborator and appreciate others' talents and skills, you will find some exciting opportunities working on STEM projects.



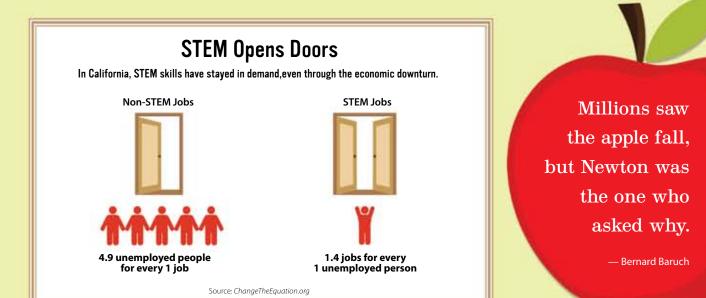
Would you like to fly planes or explore the solar system? Yes | No **Why it matters:** If you have an adventurous spirit and a great imagination, you may end up designing, building and/or flying the next generation of aerospace vehicles.



Are you organized and efficient in the way you manage your classes and other responsibilities? Yes | No Why it matters: If you are organized and detail-oriented, you could help monitor, conduct and track complicated STEM experiments.



If you answered "yes" to one or more of the questions on this quiz, you may have an aptitude for a career in STEM. Do some more exploring, talk to your parents, teachers and counselors to learn more about the opportunities STEM might offer you.



Have you found the SECRET

So far in this booklet, you have answered questions about your strengths and talents, identified your Holland Code, reviewed different pathways and careers, and considered the advantages of getting education and training beyond high school. You have a better sense of the skills and education that will help you find a satisfying career. But there is more to it than that. While you need great technical or job skills and knowledge to succeed in the workplace, you also need good interpersonal, or people skills. In fact, *people skills are the secret to success*.

Experts Estimate that...

of your workplace success comes from your skills and knowledge, while...

comes from your ability to **get along** with people.

The most important single ingredient in the formula of success is knowing how to get along with people.

to success?

- Theodore Roosevelt

SUCCESS FILES

Here are the Top 5 interpersonal skills employers seek. If you were asked in a job interview to show evidence you had these abilities, what examples would you give?

Skills Employers Seek

1. Verbal communication skills	5
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Able to use spoken words to convey a message

2. Written communication skills

Able to use written words to deliver a clear message

3. Active listening skills

Able to hear and understand what people are saying

4. Team player skills

Able to participate and contribute in a team situation

5. Positive attitude

Able to approach situations with optimism and confidence

My Example

1. Verbal communication skills

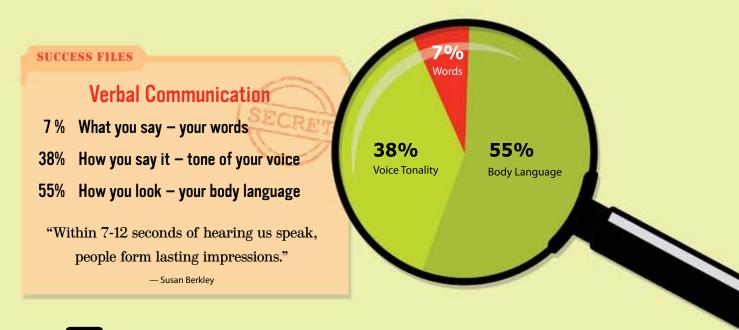
2. Written communication skills

Write a class blog that links students to new information and allows them to ask questions.

- 3. Active listening skills
- 4. Team player skills

5. Positive attitude

For years, surveys have tracked the skills employers seek in their new hires. While all interpersonal skills are important, *verbal communication consistently tops the list of skills most in demand.* It also is on their list of the skills most lacking in new employees. It may surprise you to learn that verbal communication is much more than your ability to say the "right" words. In fact, in face-to-face communications, your words make up only 7% of the message you send. You communicate most of your message with your voice tone and your body language.



Record the voice evaluation script below on your cell phone. Then listen to yourself and rate your sound. You may need to listen several times to hear and rate all the different qualities. After you listen and evaluate your voice, decide what you can do to improve your sound.

Voice Evaluation Script

Good communication skills are key to working with others. That means more than just saying the "right" words. In fact, most of my message comes from the sound of my voice and my body language. If anything about my voice is distracting, my message will be less effective. In a Gallup survey, mumbling and talking too softly were high on the list of vocal annoyances. I am making this recording to get a better idea of how my voice sounds to others. Then I will listen and rate my voice. Experts say that if I make a list of the things I want to change, and work on them one at a time, I can make some significant improvements.

Rate Your Sound (1 to 5)

Sad	1	2	3	4	5	Нарру
Nasal	1	2	3	4	5	Non-Nasal
Slow/Fast	1	2	3	4	5	Well-Paced
Soft/Loud	1	2	3	4	5	Good Volume
Whiny	1	2	3	4	5	Neutral
Monotonous	1	2	3	4	5	Energetic
Insincere	1	2	3	4	5	Sincere
Mumbled	1	2	3	4	5	Articulate

Do you get to the heart of listening?



% of Time the Average Person Spends on Communication Skills

Are you listening? Do you hear me? These are two frequently asked questions, and while you may think these two questions ask the same thing, they do not. Hearing is a physical yet passive act of perceiving sound. Hearing for most people is easy and requires no effort. Listening, on the other hand, is an active skill you develop. Listening requires you to pay close attention to the speaker's words and the message behind the words. While most people hear well enough, very few people are good listeners.

In school you have had classes in reading, writing and speaking. And even though listening is the most used communication skill, you probably never had a class in listening. But if you are willing to learn and practice some basic active listening behaviors, you can become a better listener. Regardless of who you are or what you do, **you will be more successful and get along better with others if you learn to listen.**

Are you really listening?

Positive Listening Behaviors	Rating			Negative Listening Behaviors		
I make eye contact with the speaker.	5	4	3	2	1	I don't look the speaker in the eye.
I focus all my attention on the speaker.	5	4	3	2	1	l tend to daydream.
I have an open posture when listening.	5	4	3	2	1	l slouch when l listen.
l listen to the words and the feelings.	5	4	3	2	1	l just listen to the words.
l do not interrupt the speaker.	5	4	3	2	1	l am anxious to give my opinions.
l encourage the speaker by saying "yes,""I see"	5	4	3	2	1	l say nothing.
I put my phone away when I listen.	5	4	3	2	1	l keep my phone on.
l try to listen with an open mind.	5	4	3	2	1	l jump to conclusions.
I put aside my emotions.	5	4	3	2	1	l often get upset.
l ask questions to make sure I understand.	5	4	3	2	1	l do not like to ask questions.

Ask a friend or parent to rate your listening skills and then compare their results to yours.

Active listeners...

- 1. Pay Attention: Give the speaker your undivided attention, and acknowledge the message.
- Give the speaker your undivided attention, and acknowledge the
- 2. Show That They're Listening: Use your own body language and gestures to convey your attention.
- **3. Provide Feedback:** Reflect on what is being said and ask questions.
- 4. Defer Judgment: Listen with an open mind and allow the speaker to get his/her message across.
- 5. Respond Appropriately: Be respectful, open, and honest in your response.

Perhaps the most important thing we ever give each other is our attention.

— Rachel Naomi Remen

Can you clarify that for me?

Poor listening is often the cause of misunderstandings, conflicts and hurt feelings. One of the best ways to avoid miscommunication and improve your listening skills is to ask *clarification questions*. When you are unclear about what someone is saying, ask questions to make sure you correctly understand his/her meaning. These clarifying questions are non-judgmental, help you avoid confusion, and assure the speaker that you are interested in correctly understanding his/her message. Some examples are:

"I'm not quite sure I'm following your meaning. Are you saying that...? "It sounds like you don't like the new location. What are your concerns?" "I'm sorry you won't be coming with us. Is there a way we can change that?"

If a classmate said to you, "I've got so many conflicts I can't help much with the group assignment." What are some questions you could ask him/her to better clarify, and hopefully resolve, the situation?



We are able to think about 4x faster than a person can speak. To keep your mind from wandering, build your active listening skills.

Which questions help you dig deeper?

As you continue to grow your questioning skills, it is important to learn more about different kinds of questions to gather the information you want. Generally, questions fall into two main types: **open-ended questions and closed-ended questions**. Open-ended questions will help you gather more information through elaboration and explanation—they help you dig deeper. Closed-ended questions, on the other hand, help you verify and confirm information, usually with a yes or no answer.

Open-Ended Questions...

- Ask the respondent to think & reflect.
- Provide opinions and feelings.
- Give the respondent control of the conversation.

OPEN

Closed-Ended Questions...

Are easy and quick to answer.

CLOSED

- Give the facts.
- Allow the questioner control of the conversation.

Is it Open or is it Closed?

Mark each question as open or closed. Then rewrite the questions by making the closed questions open and the open questions closed.

			OPEN	CLOSED
	1	Example: Is this store open in the evening? Rewrite: Why do you keep this store open in the evening?		4
7	2	Do you think it's going to rain tomorrow? Rewrite:		
	3	What are you doing to get ready for the math test? Rewrite:		
	4	Was that skateboard expensive? Rewrite:		
	5	Did you get a good grade on the test? Rewrite:		
	6	What do you think of the new football coach? Rewrite:		

Here's the Scoop...

"In today's hyper-competitive job market, asking smart questions sets you apart from the competition... questions a job candidate asks are as important as the ones he/she answers."



Yes No

Which

Who

When

Where

What

How

Why

What if

More Powerful

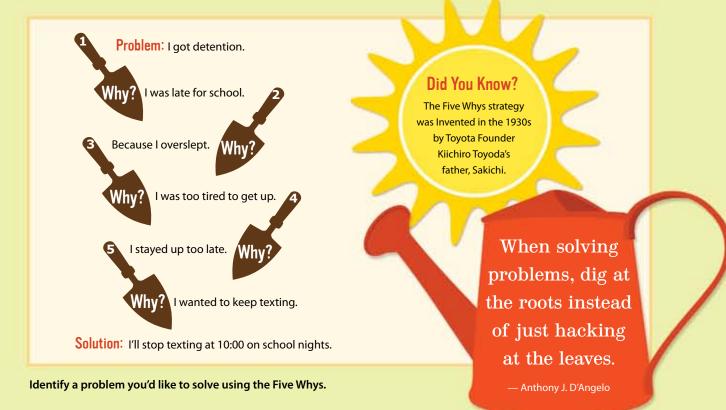
Powerful questions help you dig deeper!

A powerful question triggers curiosity in a listener and encourages conversation. It is thought-provoking and stimulates a person's imagination. While you may not be able to articulate all of the aspects of a powerful question, you recognize one when you see it. Rank the following questions with 1 - 4, *with 1 being the most powerful:*

Get to the Root of the Problem

The most important and powerful question might well be the one-word question, Why?

Five Whys is a simple problem-solving technique that helps you get to the cause of a problem more quickly. Start with the problem and continue to ask "Why?" Repeat this question over and over until the root cause of the problem becomes apparent.





Good conversational skills help you succeed in school, in your personal life and in college and beyond. They help you meet new people, build lasting friendships and explore untold opportunities. One of the best ways to start and extend a conversation is by asking questions. *When you ask a question, you invite a person into a conversation*. Your questions show others you are interested in them and what they have to say. It may surprise you to learn that a person with the true gift of gab really does *more asking and listening than talking*.

How do you communicate?

What's your favorite? Estimate the % of conversational time you use for each of these methods of communication:	What do you think? Write down one advantage and one disadvantage for each of these different communication tools.
In Person %	Advantage Disadvantage
By Text %	Advantage Disadvantage
On Social Media %	Advantage Disadvantage
By Phone %	Advantage Disadvantage
On Twitter %	Advantage Disadvantage

	Social Networks
33% Text	4%
	49% In person
1% Twitter	
Teens fa to com	vorite ways imunicate
Source: P	ew 2012 Study

Jace-to-Jace Time

In a recent teen study, talking in person was their favorite way to communicate. Most teens felt it was more fun and easier to understand people in face-to-face communication.

Do you agree?__

When was the last time you had a good conversation?

What was the conversation about? _____

How long did it last?_____

What made it good? ______

Take AIM

One of the best ways to learn conversational skills is to observe people you know who are gifted conversationalists. Pay attention to what they say and do to engage others. Then follow the good examples you observed as you participate in face-to-face conversations. Use the acronym AIM as a guide to get your conversations going.



Ask a question. Ask broad, open-ended questions that require more than a "yes" "no" response.



Identify a connection. Look for something you have in common with the other person.

Mind your manners. Avoid unpleasant, overly personal, or controversial issues.

What do you like best about your job?

-

I really enjoy football too. Do you have a favorite team?

THINK before you speak. Is your message: True? Helpful? Inspiring? Necessary? Kind?

Small talk can lead to Big opportunities

You are probably comfortable in conversations with your friends and family. But what happens when you have to reach out to someone you don't know, or don't know well, and engage him/her in casual conversation. This casual conversation, often called *small talk*, is the first step in making new friends and acquaintances. *Small talk is a big deal* and can lead you to more important conversations.

I needed a summer job and filled out several applications that went nowhere. But when I was at the vet's picking up our dog, I struck up a conversation with the assistant about how busy they were. One thing led to another and I landed a job. — Conner



— Justin

Standing in line at Starbucks, I started chatting with a man behind me. I was wearing my high school lacrosse jersey. It turned out he was a lacrosse coach at a nearby college and he helped me land a scholarship.

— Abbey

When I was 15, we moved to a new town. With nothing to do, I went to the community pool every day. Finally, I got up the nerve to talk to some kids there, and by the end of the summer, I made a friend. That was 7 years ago and we're still best friends.

Conversation costs nothing, but can bring you the world.

Catherine Blyth



Wear a Smile!

Studies show that people are **86%** more likely to strike up conversations with strangers if they are smiling.

Give it a Try!

How many small talk conversations will you have this week... With people you don't know? With people you don't know well?

Do you know the



Team work is about dividing up responsibilities and working together toward common goals. In school, you work in groups to complete class projects. You may play on sports teams to win games. You might serve on a student or community committee to raise money for charity. You have had some good and bad team experiences and you know what good teamwork looks and feels like. You have probably figured out that to be a good team player you need good people skills — because that's what makes teams work.

95% of today's employers are looking for employees with good teamwork & collaboration skills.



Do you have what it takes to be a great team player? Rate yourself on each of these teamwork traits.

TEAM SKILL	NEEDS WORK	PRETTY GOOD	GOT IT!
RELIABLE: I can be counted on to get the job done and attend all team meetings.			
EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATOR: I express my thoughts and ideas clearly and directly, with respect for others.			
ACTIVE LISTENER: I listen to and respect different points of view without getting upset or defensive.			
PARTICIPANT: I am prepared and get involved in team activities. I am a regular contributor.			
SHARE OPENLY AND WILLINGLY: I am willing to share information, experience, and knowledge with the group.			
COOPERATIVE: I work with other members of the team to accomplish the job – no matter what.			
FLEXIBLE: I adapt easily when the team changes direction or I'm asked to try something new.			
COMMITTED: I am responsible and dedicated. I always give my best effort.			
PROBLEM SOLVER: I am focused on finding solutions and not on blaming others.			
RESPECTFUL: I treat others with courtesy and consideration — even behind their backs.			
What are my 3 best team skills?			

What is one skill I want to improve?

TEAM STYLES

You have a team style — a set of behaviors you use most often as a member of a team. All four styles listed below are important to a successful team. The best teams have a good mix of styles.



Based on these brief descriptions, which style seems most like you?_

OLYMPIC "DREAM" TEAMS

To build a great team you need a diverse group of people. You need individuals with unique skills, talents, ideas and experiences. You may think that choosing the smartest scientists or the best basketball players would give you the best outcomes. But that is not the case. For example:



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The 2004 U.S. Olympic men's basketball team consisted entirely of NBA stars — some of the best players in the world. They were heavily favored to win, but lack of teamwork caused them to finish

third, with Lithuania winning the gold medal.



In 1980, the underdog U.S. hockey team, made up of college players, defeated the four-time defending gold-medal winning Soviet team. Members were selected because they were the right players, not necessarily the best players.



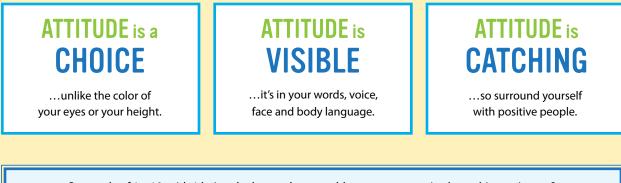
Interview Questions

Suppose you were put in charge of choosing a team for an important school project. The 20 students who applied are well-qualified, but you can only select 5 students. You will have an opportunity to interview each one. What 3 questions would you ask each student to help you make your selection?



Is your glass half full?

When you wake up each day you get to choose your attitude. You can decide whether you want to see your glass half full or your glass half empty. Research has found that seeing the glass half full will make you happier, healthier and wealthier. Optimists are more energetic and productive. They turn problems into opportunities and expect the best to happen. Since attitudes are contagious, if you want to get along well with others, *make sure you have an attitude worth catching*.



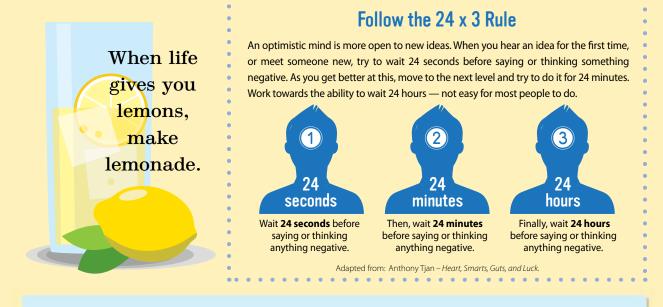
	On a scale c	of 1 – 10, wit	h 1 being the	e lowest, ho	w would you	i rate your af	titude on th	is continuur	n?	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	



The human brain is excellent at answering questions and solving problems. But be careful how you word the questions you ask yourself. Your brain will do its best to answer those questions, and the answers will either help you solve problems, or create more problems. Every answer to a question that begins with "Why can't 1...?" is an **obstacle** — a reason why you **can't**. If you change the negative questions to positive questions, it will help you **find solutions instead of problems**.

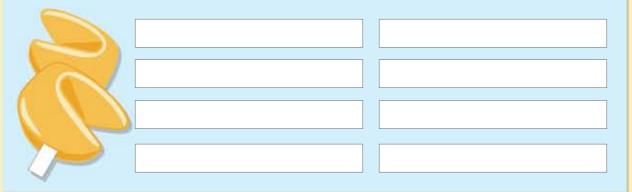
NEGATIVE	POSITIVE
Why can't I make friends?	How can I make good friends?
Why can't I get better grades?	
Why doesn't anyone listen to me?	
Why did this happen to me?	
Why is it so difficult to make the team?	
Why do I always wait until the last minute to do my assignments?	

Food for Thought



Focus on Your Good Fortune

You can learn to think like an optimist if you pay attention to the good fortune that comes your way each day. It could be a compliment you received or a call from a friend. Jot down a few good things that happened to you this week.

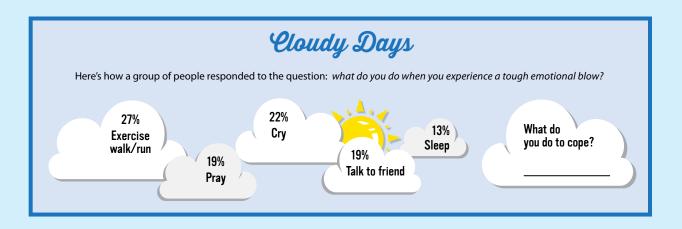


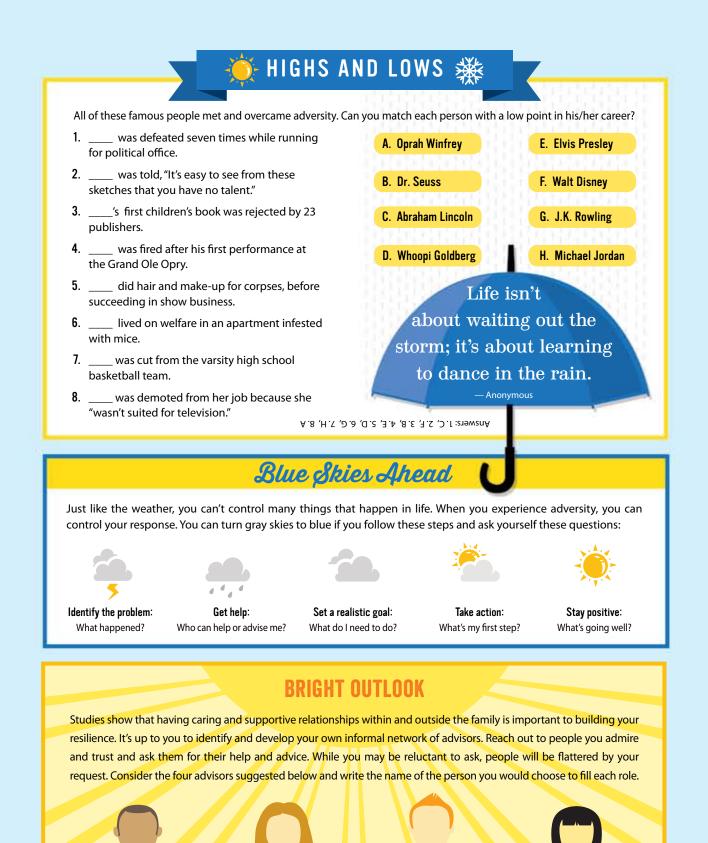


How well do you weather a storm?

No one's life is smooth sailing; everyone runs into stormy weather. But if you learn how to weather the storm when things don't go as planned, you have what it takes to succeed — you have resilience. Resilience is the ability to overcome adversity. It's about being flexible. It's about using your unique strengths and abilities to move forward. It's about looking at problems with a positive *can-do* attitude. And like many things in life, *the more you practice, the more resilient you become.*

CHECK THE FORECAST		
Do you have the qualities, relationships and life skills that will help you be more resilient? To find out, read each of the descriptions below and rate yourself.	\$ 6	÷
1. I have people in my life who believe in my ability to succeed.		
2. I take care of myself by eating well, getting enough sleep and exercising.		
3. I believe in myself and know I can do well.		
4. I am part of a sports team or participate in an after-school activity I enjoy.		
5. I have close friends at my school.		
6. I stand up for myself and tell others "no" when I need to.		
7. I take time to make thoughtful decisions.		
8. I handle criticism with an open mind and willingness to learn.		
9. I know how to set goals and reach them.		





Your Mentor a person you admire who can offer you guidance on both personal or educational challenges. Your Money Manager someone you trust who can advise you about saving, spending, and borrowing for college.

Your Cheerleader someone who believes in you, is willing to listen, and encourages you to keep going. Your Educational Guide a person who understands your educational options and can help you make college/career choices.



As a high school student, you don't need to be in a rush to choose your life's work. But if you have read the information and completed the activities in this booklet, you have a better idea of what interests you and where your journey may take you. Now is your chance to try things out by getting some hands-on experience. Begin to **think outside the classroom** for ways to learn more about yourself, others, and to apply and develop your interpersonal skills. Here are some options for you to consider...

Join a Club or Organization

Gain experience working with people and on projects that interest you.

Who can you talk with to learn more about clubs at your high school?

Participate in Sports

Grow your teamwork experience and help win the game as you participate in a sport you enjoy.

What next step would you take to participate on a team?

Student Government

Build your leadership experience and organizational skills as you learn more about the democratic process.

What student government opportunities would you like to pursue?



Volunteer

Make a contribution to a cause that matters to you as you experience working with a diverse team.

At DoSomething.org can you identify a volunteer experience that suits you?

Find a Part-Time Job

Develop your interpersonal and job skills with this real-world experience.

Where can you find part-time work or internship opportunities?

Explore ROP

Regional Occupational Programs (ROP) provide you with hands-on technical training experiences.

How can you contact the ROP center in your area?

Experience Career Conversations

Here is where you can put your "gift of gab" to work. Striking up conversations with people and asking them questions about their careers is one of the best experiences you can create for yourself. In these casual career conversations, you get to direct the conversation by asking the questions most meaningful to you. It is really easy to do, once you get the hang of it.

Talking with anyone about their job is great practice, even if you aren't considering their particular career. It will help you develop confidence in your conversational and questioning skills and it will expand your world. If you have two or three questions ready to go, you can take advantage of any situation.

The most dependable and up-to-date information on jobs and careers is not found in books or on the internet. It's found by going out and talking to people.

— Richard Bolles

Seize the Moment...

You meet your mom's co-worker, a graphic designer, at a graduation lunch. You want to know more about her career... how would you start the conversation?

At Subway, you run into a neighbor now attending Cal Poly. That's where you want to go to school... how would you start the conversation? The guy sitting next to you at a volleyball game is wearing a Nike employee badge. You want to know more about that company... how would you start the conversation?

Be Prepared!

Identify or imagine a person with a career that interests you. If that person had 15 minutes to spend with you, what three questions would you ask him/her?

Who would you want to talk to?

Why? _____

1.	
2.	
3.	ļ

Are you ready for what's **NEXT**→



It's clear to see there is a lot to consider when it comes to making college/career choices. Even though you will make many adjustments to your itinerary along the way, if you know your general direction, you have a better chance of arriving at a destination. Be sure to pack your bag with all the essentials...

MY TRAVEL DOCUMENTS

PASSPORT	My Educa	-	
	Apprenticeship Master Degree		
		Advanced Degree	
PATHWAY(S) that interest me:	Associate Degree	Military Service	
	Bachelor Degree	Other	My HOLLAND CODE
CAREERS I want to explore:			—
		CCESS	

Over the years, you will hold many jobs — and you are even likely to have multiple careers. You will need to keep your technical skills up-to-date. Yet, wherever you go and whatever you do, you will always need a good set of interpersonal skills in your bag. These skills are transferable and are the keys to your personal and career success.

What I've Learned	
The secret to success is:	This strategy will help me keep open to new ideas:
The most used communication skill is:	
(p. 16)	My Cheerleader is: (p. 27)
✓ Questions that help me gather the most information are: (p. 18)	 I will get hands-on experience doing: (p. 29)
The acronym AIM stands for:	My favorite inspirational quote:
My teamwork style is:	

Pack your own bag...

and fill it with powerful questions!

The most important QUESTIONS in life can never be answered by anyone except oneself. –John Fowles

Questions to ask others...

If you don't go after what you want, you'll never have it.

MY BAG

Questions to ask myself...

If you don't ASK, the answer is always no.

If you don't step forward, you're always in the same place.

— Nora Roberts

Have an amazing adventure!

